

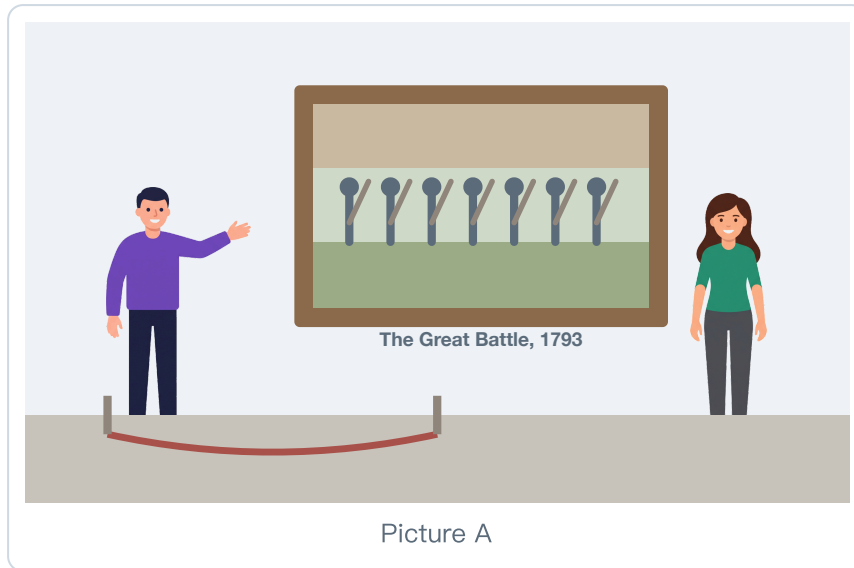
中級聽力測驗 單字第 32 回 歷史與戰爭 教師用 (含錄音稿・答案・詳解)

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答案一覽

1	2	3	4	5	6	7
B	A	D	B	A	A	D
8	9	10	11	12	13	14
B	A	C	C	C	A	C
15	16	17	18	19	20	21
B	D	B	C	A	D	D
22	23	24	25	26	27	28
A	D	B	C	B	B	D
29	30	31	32	33	34	35
A	B	C	A	A	C	B

第 1 部分 看圖辨義 Picture Description



For questions number one and two, please look at picture A.

1. What are these people looking at? 答案 B

這些人在看什麼？

- A. A tortoise. 一隻陸龜。
- B. A painting of a battle.** 一幅戰爭的畫。
- C. A laser show. 一場雷射秀。
- D. A gown. 一件禮服。

詳解 | 牆上掛著一幅戰爭場面的畫。battle（戰爭）是本回主題字；tortoise、laser、gown 都是本回單字。

2. Who is explaining the painting? 答案 A

是誰在解說這幅畫？

- A. A guide.** 一位導覽員。
- B. A runner. 一位跑者。
- C. A psychologist. 一位心理學家。
- D. An emperor. 一位皇帝。

詳解 | 有人站在畫前手指著畫面講解。historian、emperor 都是本回主題字；runner、psychologist 是誘答。

Timeline of the Empire	
1602	Empire founded
1793	Revolution begins
1795	Emperor surrenders
1801	Navy disbanded

Room 4 covers the years after 1793.

Picture B

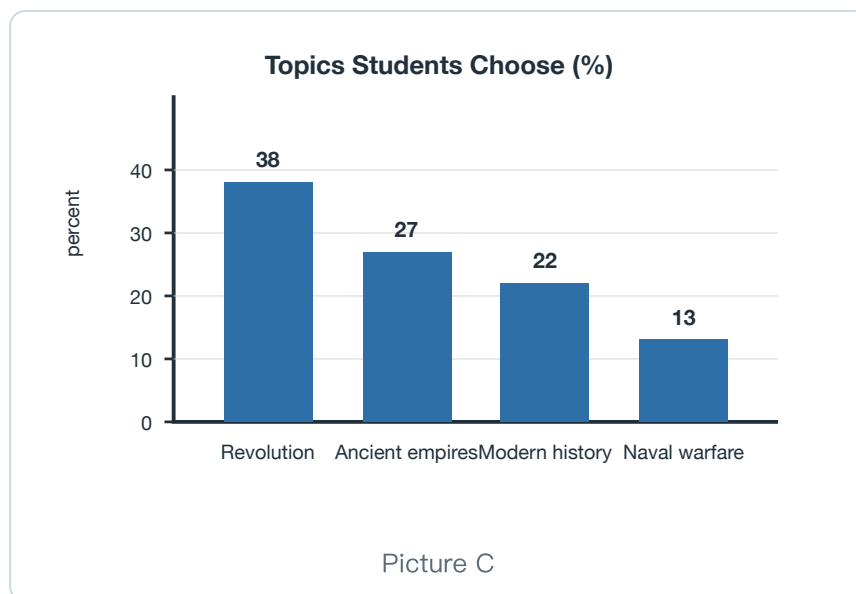
For question number three, please look at picture B.

3. According to the timeline, what happened in 1793? **答案 D**

根據年表，1793 年發生了什麼？

- A. The emperor died. 皇帝駕崩。
- B. The navy surrendered. 海軍投降。
- C. The empire was founded. 帝國建立。
- D. The revolution began. 革命開始。**

詳解 | 年表上 1793 是 Revolution begins。revolution、empire、navy、surrender、emperor 都是本回主題字。



For question number four, please look at picture C.

4. Looking at the chart, which period do most students choose? **答案 B**

看這張圖表，多數學生選哪一個時期？

- A. Naval warfare. 海戰。
- B. The revolution.** 革命時期。
- C. Ancient empires. 古代帝國。
- D. Modern history. 近代史。

詳解 | 圖中 Revolution 38% 最高。empire、naval、warfare、revolution 都是本回主題字。

Museum Rooms

Room 1	Early empire
Room 2	Imperial robes
Room 3	Naval maps
Room 4	The revolution

Picture D

For question number five, please look at picture D.

5. Looking at the notice, what is on display in Room 3? **答案 A**

看這張告示，三號展間展出什麼？

- A. Naval maps. 海軍地圖。
- B. Coins. 錢幣。
- C. Weapons. 武器。
- D. Imperial robes. 帝國袍服。

詳解 | 告示上 Room 3 是 Naval maps。imperial、naval 都是本回主題字。

第 2 部分 問答 Question Response

W: How long did the battle last?

那場戰役持續多久？

6. **答案 A**

- A. Two days and one night. 兩天一夜。
- B. A buffalo and innocent cattle ate raw grass. 一頭水牛與無辜的牛群吃著生草。
- C. A still crow sat beside a dove. 一隻一動也不動的烏鴉坐在鴿子旁邊。
- D. Her beauty won the bet. 她的美貌贏了那場賭。

詳解 | battle (戰役) 是本回主題字。still、crow、dove、beauty、bet、buffalo、innocent、cattle、raw 都是誘答。

M: Why did the city surrender so quickly?

那座城市為什麼這麼快投降？

7. 答案 D

- A. Put the stuff down and relax. 把東西放下，放輕鬆。
- B. The moist air is vital for the plants. 濕潤的空氣對植物必不可少。
- C. Assistance came with a new strategy. 援助帶著新策略而來。
- D. **There was no food left.** 城裡沒有食物了。

詳解 | surrender (投降) 是今回主題字。assistance、strategy、stuff、relax、moist、vital 都是誘答。

W: Which emperor built this palace?

是哪位皇帝建了這座宮殿？

8. 答案 B

- A. The confusion hid an outstanding tortoise. 那場混亂藏著一隻優秀的陸龜。
- B. **The third one, they believe.** 他們認為是第三位。
- C. Logic beats prediction in a hurricane. 在颶風中邏輯勝過預測。
- D. Her gown reflected the light. 她的禮服反射著光。

詳解 | emperor (皇帝) 是今回主題字。gown、reflect、logic、prediction、hurricane、confusion、outstanding、tortoise 都是誘答。

M: How large was the empire at its height?

帝國全盛時有多大？

9. 答案 A

- A. **Three times the size of France.** 法國的三倍大。
- B. The series used a laser to cut it. 那個系列用雷射把它切開。
- C. A psychologist endured numerous meetings. 一位心理學家忍受了無數場會議。
- D. Patriotic assets are rarely edible. 愛國的資產很少是可以吃的。

詳解 | empire (帝國) 是今回主題字。psychologist、endure、numerous、series、laser、patriotic、asset、edible 都是誘答。

W: When did the troops invade?

軍隊是什麼時候入侵的？

10. 答案 C

A. A long-standing, movable wall stood there. 那裡立著一道存在已久、可移動的牆。

B. Rubbish saddened the runner. 垃圾讓那位跑者難過。

C. In the spring of that year. 那年的春天。

D. Running water tastes salty at the seaside. 海邊的流水嚐起來是鹹的。

詳解 | troop (軍隊)、invade (侵略) 都是本回主題字。long-standing、movable、rubbish、sadden、runner、running、salty、seaside 都是誘答。

M: Is this a historic building or just an old one?

這是歷史性建築還是只是老建築？

11. 答案 C

A. Their civilization feared the devil. 他們的文明害怕惡魔。

B. My schoolmate is sensible about secondary matters. 我的同學對次要的事很理智。

C. Historic — a treaty was signed here. 歷史性的——曾在這裡簽過條約。

D. Sharpen the shining, shiny blade. 把那把明亮發光的刀磨利。

詳解 | historic (歷史性的) 是本回主題字。schoolmate、sensible、secondary、sharpen、shining、shiny、civilization、devil 都是誘答。

W: What does the navy do here now?

海軍現在在這裡做什麼？

12. 答案 C

A. They abandoned the territory and weighed the honor. 他們放棄了那片領土，並權衡了榮譽。

B. Divine faith is holy to them. 神聖的信仰對他們而言是神聖的。

C. Mostly search and rescue. 主要是搜救。

D. The agent revealed a vivid plan. 那位經紀人透露了一個鮮明的計畫。

詳解 | navy (海軍) 是本回主題字。divine、faith、holy、abandon、territory、weigh、honor、agent、reveal、vivid 都是複習字誘答。

M: What did the historian conclude?

那位歷史學家的結論是什麼？

13. 答案 A

A. **That the letters were forged.** 那些信件是偽造的。

B. The lecturer screamed and hurt an elbow. 那位講師尖叫並弄傷了手肘。

C. An innocent dove conquered the cattle. 一隻無辜的鴿子征服了牛群。

D. Raw stuff relaxes the imperial tortoise. 生的東西讓那隻帝國陸龜放鬆。

詳解 | historian (歷史學家) 是本回主題字。lecturer、scream、elbow 是複習字，conquer、imperial 在別題另有正用。

W: Who was captured in the naval attack?

海軍攻擊中誰被俘？

14. 答案 C

A. A noble crow bet on the hurricane. 一隻高貴的烏鴉賭那場颶風。

B. Numerous assets endured the confusion. 無數資產忍受了那場混亂。

C. **Two officers and forty sailors.** 兩名軍官與四十名水兵。

D. The revolution's beauty was still moist. 那場革命的美依然濕潤。

詳解 | capture (俘虜)、naval (海軍的) 都是本回主題字。noble、revolution 在別題另有正用，此處作誘答。

M: How did they master such a large territory?

他們如何掌控這麼大的領土？

15. 答案 B

A. Sensible logic predicts a shiny seaside. 理智的邏輯預測出一個光亮的海邊。

B. **By roads, not by soldiers.** 靠道路，不是靠士兵。

C. A patriotic runner sharpened the edible laser. 一位愛國的跑者把可食用的雷射磨利。

D. Revolutionary warfare saddened the schoolmate. 革命性的戰爭讓那位同學難過。

詳解 | master (掌控) 是本回主題字，territory 是複習字。revolutionary、warfare 在別題另有正用，此處作誘答。

第 3 部分 簡短對話 Short Conversations

M: The troops crossed the river at night.
軍隊在夜裡渡河。

W: Weren't they seen?
沒被發現嗎？

M: There was fog, luckily for them.
有霧，算他們走運。

16. Why were the troops not seen? **答案 D**

軍隊為什麼沒被發現？

- A. It was dark only. 只是天黑。
- B. They wore white. 他們穿白衣。
- C. They were quiet. 他們很安靜。
- D. There was fog.** 有霧。

詳解 | troop (軍隊) 是今回主題字。

W: This painting captures the moment well.
這幅畫把那個瞬間捕捉得很好。

M: Was the artist there?
畫家在場嗎？

W: No, he painted it forty years later.
不在，他是四十年後畫的。

17. When was the painting made? **答案 B**

這幅畫是何時畫的？

- A. The next day. 隔天。
- B. Forty years later.** 四十年後。
- C. During the event. 事件當時。
- D. Nobody knows. 沒人知道。

詳解 | capture (描繪、捕捉) 是今回主題字。

M: Did the empire ever conquer the islands?

那個帝國曾經征服那些島嶼嗎？

W: They landed twice and left twice.

他們登陸兩次，也撤退兩次。

M: So the answer is no.

所以答案是沒有。

18. What happened to the invaders? 答案 C

入侵者後來怎麼樣？

A. They stayed. 他們留下了。

B. They never landed. 他們從未登陸。

C. They left both times. 兩次都撤退了。

D. They were captured. 他們被俘。

詳解 | empire、conquer、invade 都是本回主題字。

W: Is this a historical film or a true story?

這是歷史片還是真實故事？

M: Based on real people, but the dates are wrong.

根據真實人物，但年代錯了。

W: That bothers me more than it should.

我知道不該，但這點還是讓我很在意。

19. What is wrong with the film? 答案 A

這部片哪裡有問題？

A. The dates are wrong. 年代錯了。

B. The people are invented. 人物是虛構的。

C. Nothing. 沒問題。

D. The place is wrong. 地點錯了。

詳解 | historical（歷史的）是本回主題字。

M: The revolution began with a bread shortage.

那場革命始於麵包短缺。

W: Not with the speeches?

不是從那些演說開始的嗎？

M: Those came afterwards.

那些是之後才有的。

20. What began the revolution? 答案 D

是什麼引發了革命？

A. A new king. 新國王。

B. Speeches. 演說。

C. A battle. 一場戰役。

D. A bread shortage. 麵包短缺。

詳解 | revolution (革命) 是今回主題字。

W: Was he really a noble?

他真的是貴族嗎？

M: His father bought the title.

他父親買下那個頭銜。

W: So, noble on paper.

所以是紙上的貴族。

21. How did he become a noble? 答案 D

他怎麼成為貴族的？

A. By battle. 靠戰功。

B. By birth. 出身。

C. He was given it. 被賜予的。

D. His father bought the title. 他父親買下頭銜。

詳解 | noble (貴族) 是今回主題字。

History Lectures

Lecture	Time	Topic
Ancient Battles	10:00	Warfare
Naval Warfare	13:00	Warfare
The Revolution	14:30	Politics
Empires and Trade	09:00	Economy

M: Which history lecture should I go to?

我該去聽哪一場歷史講座？

W: The program is on the desk.

議程在桌上。

M: Afternoons only, and not the naval one.

只能下午，而且不要海軍那場。

22. Which lecture will the man attend? **答案 A**

男子會參加哪一場？

- A. The Revolution. 革命。
- B. Ancient Battles. 古代戰役。
- C. Empires and Trade. 帝國與貿易。
- D. Naval Warfare. 海戰。

詳解 | 表中下午且非海軍主題的是 The Revolution (14:30)。warfare、naval、revolution、empire 是今回主題字。

W: The imperial guard wore red, didn't they?

禁衛軍穿紅色，對吧？

M: Blue, until the last emperor.

是藍色，直到最後一位皇帝。

W: Then red after that.

之後才變紅色。

23. What color did the guard wear at first? **答案 D**

禁衛軍起初穿什麼顏色？

- A. Red. 紅色。
- B. White. 白色。
- C. Green. 綠色。
- D. Blue. 藍色。**

詳解 | imperial、emperor 都是本回主題字。

M: Naval power decided that war, not the army.

決定那場戰爭的是海軍力量，不是陸軍。

W: Because of the supply routes?

因為補給線嗎？

M: Exactly. No ships, no food.

正是。沒有船就沒有糧食。

24. Why was naval power decisive? **答案 B**

海軍力量為什麼具決定性？

- A. More soldiers. 士兵更多。
- B. It controlled supply routes. 它控制了補給線。**
- C. Better maps. 地圖更好。
- D. Better weapons. 武器更好。

詳解 | naval、navy 都是本回主題字。

Museum Rooms Today

Room	Subject	Open now
Room 1	Early empire	Yes
Room 2	Imperial court	No
Room 3	Naval maps	Yes
Room 4	The revolution	No

W: Which exhibition room should we start with?

我們該從哪個展間開始？

M: The list is by the entrance.

清單在入口旁。

W: Something about the navy, and open now.

要跟海軍有關，而且現在有開。

25. Which room will they visit first? **答案 C**

他們會先去哪一間？

- A. Room 1. 一號展間。
- B. Room 2. 二號展間。
- C. Room 3. 三號展間。**
- D. Room 4. 四號展間。

詳解 | 表中與海軍有關且現在開放的是 Room 3。naval、navy 都是本回主題字。

第 4 部分 簡短談話 Short Talks

W: Welcome to the history museum. Room one covers the early empire, room two the imperial court, room three naval maps, and room four the revolution. Room two is closed this morning for filming and reopens at two. Please do not touch the glass; fingerprints damage the coating, not the glass itself. Photographs are allowed except in room three, where the maps fade in bright light. The guided talk on the great battle starts at eleven in the hall.

歡迎來到歷史博物館。一號展間介紹早期帝國，二號是宮廷，三號是海軍地圖，四號是革命。二號展間今天上午因拍攝關閉，兩點重新開放。請勿觸摸玻璃；指紋損害的是鍍膜，不是玻璃本身。除三號展間外皆可拍照，因為那裡的地圖在強光下會褪色。關於那場大戰役的導覽解說十一點在大廳開始。

26. Which room is closed this morning? 答案 B

今天上午哪一間關閉？

- A. Room 1. 一號。
- B. Room 2. 二號。**
- C. Room 3. 三號。
- D. Room 4. 四號。

詳解 | Room two is closed this morning。imperial 是今回主題字。

27. Why should visitors not touch the glass? 答案 B

為什麼不要碰玻璃？

- A. It is hot. 它很燙。
- B. Fingerprints damage the coating. 指紋會損害鍍膜。**
- C. It is an alarm. 那是警報器。
- D. It breaks easily. 容易破。

詳解 | fingerprints damage the coating。

28. Where are photographs not allowed? 答案 D

哪裡不能拍照？

- A. Room 1. 一號。
- B. Room 2. 二號。
- C. The hall. 大廳。
- D. Room 3. 三號。**

詳解 | except in room three, where the maps fade。naval 是今回主題字。

M: Historians once wrote about war almost entirely through generals and battles. That has changed. We now read supply lists, letters home and hospital records, and they tell a different story: most soldiers in most wars never fought at all, and more died of disease than of wounds until about a century ago. None of this makes the battles unimportant. It does mean that a history of warfare which mentions only who won is missing most of what happened.

歷史學家過去幾乎全靠將領與戰役來書寫戰爭。這一點已經改變。我們如今閱讀補給清單、家書與醫院紀錄，它們說出不同的故事：在多數戰爭中，多數士兵根本沒有打過仗，而且直到大約一個世紀前，死於疾病的比死於傷口的更多。這並不表示戰役不重要。它的意思是，一部只提誰打贏的戰爭史，漏掉了大部分真正發生的事。

29. What did historians once focus on? **答案 A**

歷史學家過去聚焦於什麼？

- A. Generals and battles.** 將領與戰役。
- B. Hospital records. 醫院紀錄。
- C. Supply lists. 補給清單。
- D. Letters home. 家書。

詳解 | almost entirely through generals and battles。historian、battle 都是本回主題字。

30. What killed more soldiers until a century ago? **答案 B**

一個世紀前之前，什麼奪走更多士兵性命？

- A. Wounds. 傷口。
- B. Disease.** 疾病。
- C. Cold. 寒冷。
- D. Hunger. 飢餓。

詳解 | more died of disease than of wounds。

31. What is the speaker's conclusion? **答案 C**

講者的結論是什麼？

- A. Records are unreliable. 紀錄不可靠。
- B. Generals were wrong. 將領是錯的。
- C. A history of only winners misses most of it.** 只寫勝負的歷史漏掉了大部分。
- D. Battles do not matter. 戰役不重要。

詳解 | is missing most of what happened。warfare 是本回主題字。

W: Let me describe how this empire ended, because it was not one dramatic collapse. First the outer provinces stopped sending tax, and the capital did not have the troops to make them. Then a poor harvest raised the price of bread. When the revolution came, the emperor surrendered within a week, and almost nobody defended him. Historians argue about the date it ended; what they agree on is that the state was hollow long before anyone announced it.

讓我描述這個帝國如何終結，因為那不是一次戲劇性的崩潰。首先是外圍行省不再上繳稅賦，而首都沒有足夠的軍隊逼他們繳。接著歉收讓麵包價格上漲。革命到來時，皇帝一週內就投降，幾乎沒有人保衛他。歷史學家對它終結的日期爭論不休；他們一致同意的是，早在有人宣布之前，這個國家就已經空了。

32. What happened first? 答案 A

最先發生什麼？

- A. Provinces stopped sending tax. 行省不再上繳稅賦。
- B. The revolution. 革命。
- C. The emperor fled. 皇帝出逃。
- D. A poor harvest. 歉收。

詳解 | First the outer provinces stopped sending tax。empire、troop 都是本回主題字。

33. How quickly did the emperor surrender? 答案 A

皇帝多快投降？

- A. Within a week. 一週內。
- B. He never did. 他沒有投降。
- C. After a year. 一年後。
- D. Within a day. 一天內。

詳解 | surrendered within a week。emperor、surrender 都是本回主題字。

34. What do historians agree on? 答案 C

歷史學家一致同意什麼？

- A. The harvest was good. 收成很好。
- B. The revolution failed. 革命失敗了。
- C. The state was hollow long before. 國家早已空虛。
- D. The exact date. 確切日期。

詳解 | the state was hollow long before anyone announced it。historian 是本回主題字。

Four Wars Compared

War	Length	Lives lost	How it ended
War A	9 years	40,000	Surrender
War B	3 years	26,000	Negotiated peace
War C	8 months	88,000	Surrender
War D	5 years	51,000	Surrender

M: Please look at the printed summary of four wars while I compare them. Notice that the longest war did not cost the most lives; the shortest did, because it was fought in a crowded region. War B is the only one that ended in a negotiated peace rather than a surrender, and it is also the only one where neither side invaded the other's home territory. That combination is what the seminar will examine next week.

我比較時請看印出的四場戰爭摘要。請注意最長的戰爭並沒有奪走最多人命；奪走最多的是最短的那一場，因為它在人口稠密的地區進行。B 戰爭是唯一以談判和平而非投降收場的，也是唯一雙方都沒有入侵對方本土的。這個組合就是下週研討會要檢視的。

35. According to the table and the talk, which war will the seminar examine? **答案 B**

根據表格與談話，研討會要檢視哪一場戰爭？

- A. War A. A 戰爭。
- B. War B. B 戰爭。**
- C. War C. C 戰爭。
- D. War D. D 戰爭。

詳解 | 以談判和平收場、雙方都未入侵本土的是 War B。surrender、invade 都是本回主題字。